

BRIGHT RED MAN6161C, MAN6181C GREEN MAN6461C, MAN6481C HIGH EFF. RED MAN6961C, MAN6981C

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

12.7 (0.50) 19.0 (0.75) 14.2 (0.56) 15.24 (0.60) 4.3 (0.17) Pin 1 Date Code & Bin 2.54 X 4 =10.16 (0.40)

NOTES: Dimensions are in mm (inch).

All pins are 0.5 (0.02) diameter

Tolerances are ± 0.25 (0.1) unless otherwise noted.

FEATURES

Easy to read digit
Common anode or cathode
Low power consumption
Highly visible bold segments
High brightness with high contrast
White segments on a grey face for
MAN64X1C and MAN61X1C.
Red segments and red face for
MAN69X1C
Directly compatible with integrated
circuits
Rugged plastic/epoxy construction

APPLICATIONS

Digital readout displays Instrument panels

MODEL NUMBERS

Part number	<u>Color</u>	<u>Description</u>
MAN6161C	Bright Red	Common Anode; right hand decimal
MAN6181C	Bright Red	Common Cathode; right hand decimal
MAN6461C	Green	Common Anode; right hand decimal
MAN6481C	Green	Common Cathode; right hand decimal
MAN6961C	High efficiency red	Common Anode; right hand decimal
MAN6981C	High efficiency red	Common Cathode; right hand decimal

(For other color options, contact your local area Sales Office)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING (TA=25°C unless otherwise specified)

	B.Red	Green	High Eff. Red	
	MAN	MAN	MAN	
	6161C	6461C	6961C	
Part number	6181C	6481C	6981C	Unit
Continuous forward current (I _f)				
Per Segment	15	30	30	mA
Peak forward current per die (I _f) (at f = 10.0 KHz, Duty factor = 1/10)	60	90	90	mA
Power dissipation (P _D)	40*	70*	70*	mW
*Derate Linearly from 25°C	0.17	0.33	0.33	mW/°C
Reverse voltage per dice		5V		
Operating and Storage temperat	25°C	25°C to +85°C		
Lead soldering time (at 1/16 inch fi	5 seconds			

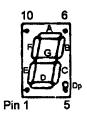
ELECTRO - OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

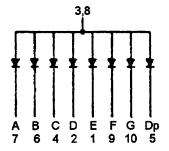
	Bright Red MAN	Green MAN	High Eff. Red MAN	T = 4
	6161C	6461C	6961C	Test
Part number	6181C	6481C	6981C	Condition
Luminous intensity (ucd)				
minimum	300	800	900	i , = 20mA
typical	700	2200	2200	l, = 20mA
Forward voltage (V,)				
typical	2.1	2.1	2.0	I, = 20mA
maximum	2.6	2.8	2.8	
Peak wavelength (nm)	697	570	635	l, = 20mA
Spectral line half width (nm) 90		30	45	I, = 20mA
Reverse breakdown voltage (V _R) 5		5	5	$I_R = 100uA$



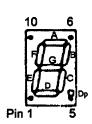
PINOUT

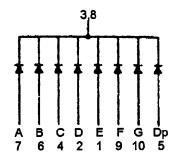
MAN6X61C - Common Anode





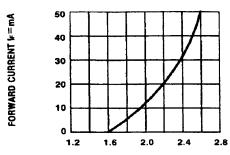
MAN6X81C - Common Cathode



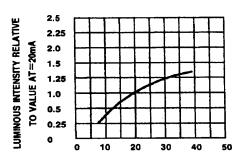




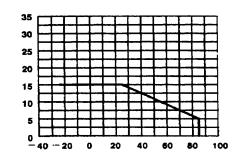
GRAPHICAL DATA - Bright Red (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified)



FORWARD VOLTAGE (Vr)-VOLTS
Fig.1 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

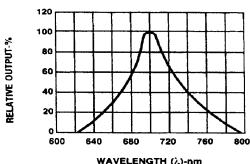


Ir-FORWARD CURRENT-MA
Fig.3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY
VS. FORWARD CURRENT

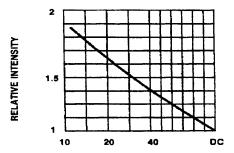


IDCMAX-MAXIMUM DC CURRENT-MA

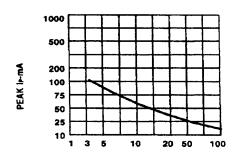
TA AMBIENT TEMPERATURE ©
Fig.4 MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER
SEGMENT VS. A FUNCTION OF AMBIENT
TEMPERATURE.



WAVELENGTH (λ)-nm Fig.2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



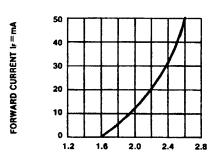
DUTY CYCLE % PER SEGMENT
(AVERAGE IF=10mA)
Fig.5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. DUTY CYCLE



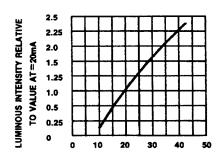
DUTY CYCLE %
Fig. 6 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS. DUTY CYCLE %
(REFRESH RATE != 1 KHz)



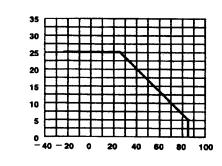
GRAPHICAL DATA - Green (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified)



FORWARD VOLTAGE (Vr)-VOLTS
Fig.1 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

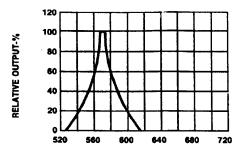


IF-FORWARD CURRENT-MA
Fig.3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY
VS. FORWARD CURRENT

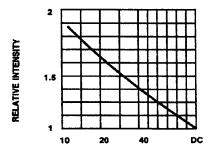


IDCMAX-MAXIMUM DC CURRENT-MA

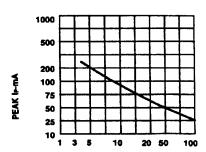
TA AMBIENT TEMPERATURE C
FIG.4 MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER
SEGMENT CS. A FUNCTION OF AMBIENT
TEMPERATURE.



WAVELENGTH (λ)-nm Fig.2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



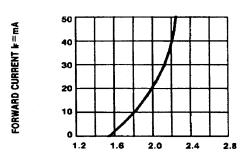
DUTY CYCLE % PER SEGMENT
(AVERAGE Ir=10mA)
Fig.5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. DUTY CYCLE



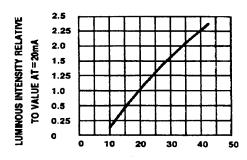
DUTY CYCLE %
Fig. 8 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS. DUTY CYCLE %
(REFRESH RATE f=1 KHz)



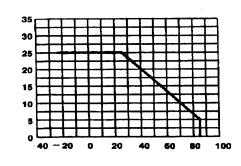
GRAPHICAL DATA - High Efficiency Red (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified)



FORWARD VOLTAGE (Vr)-VOLTS
Fig.1 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

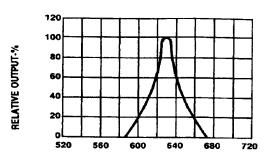


IF-FORWARD CURRENT-MA
FIG.3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY
VS. FORWARD CURRENT

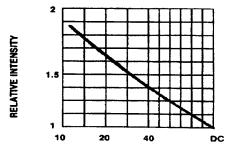


DCMAX-MAXIMUM DC CURRENT-mA

TA AMBIENT TEMPERATURE C Fig.4 MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEGMENT VS. A FUNCTION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.



WAVELENGTH (λ)-nm Fig.2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



DUTY CYCLE % PER SEGMENT
(AVERAGE IF=10mA)
Fig.5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. DUTY CYCLE

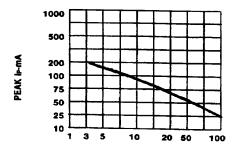


Fig. 6 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS. DUTY CYCLE %
(REFRESH RATE (=1 KHz)



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